



Australian Government
Department of Industry and Science

Industry Growth Centres and the METS Sector

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Building on Australia's competitive strengths

- A sectoral approach to industry policy is not about picking winners or protecting industries
- Targeted and strategic investment, prioritising limited government resources to remove impediments in areas of Australia's competitive strengths
- Sectors where Australia either enjoys a comparative advantage, is currently internationally competitive, or is likely to have an opportunity to exploit favourable global market developments or has a significant impact on the Australian economy within the Industry Portfolio are:
 - Food and Agribusiness
 - Mining Equipment, Technology and Services
 - Medical Technologies and Pharmaceuticals
 - Advanced Manufacturing
 - Oil, Gas and Energy Resources

The five growth sectors

Overview



Food and agribusiness



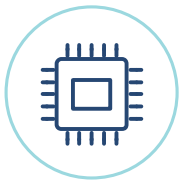
Mining equipment, technology and services



Oil, gas and energy resources



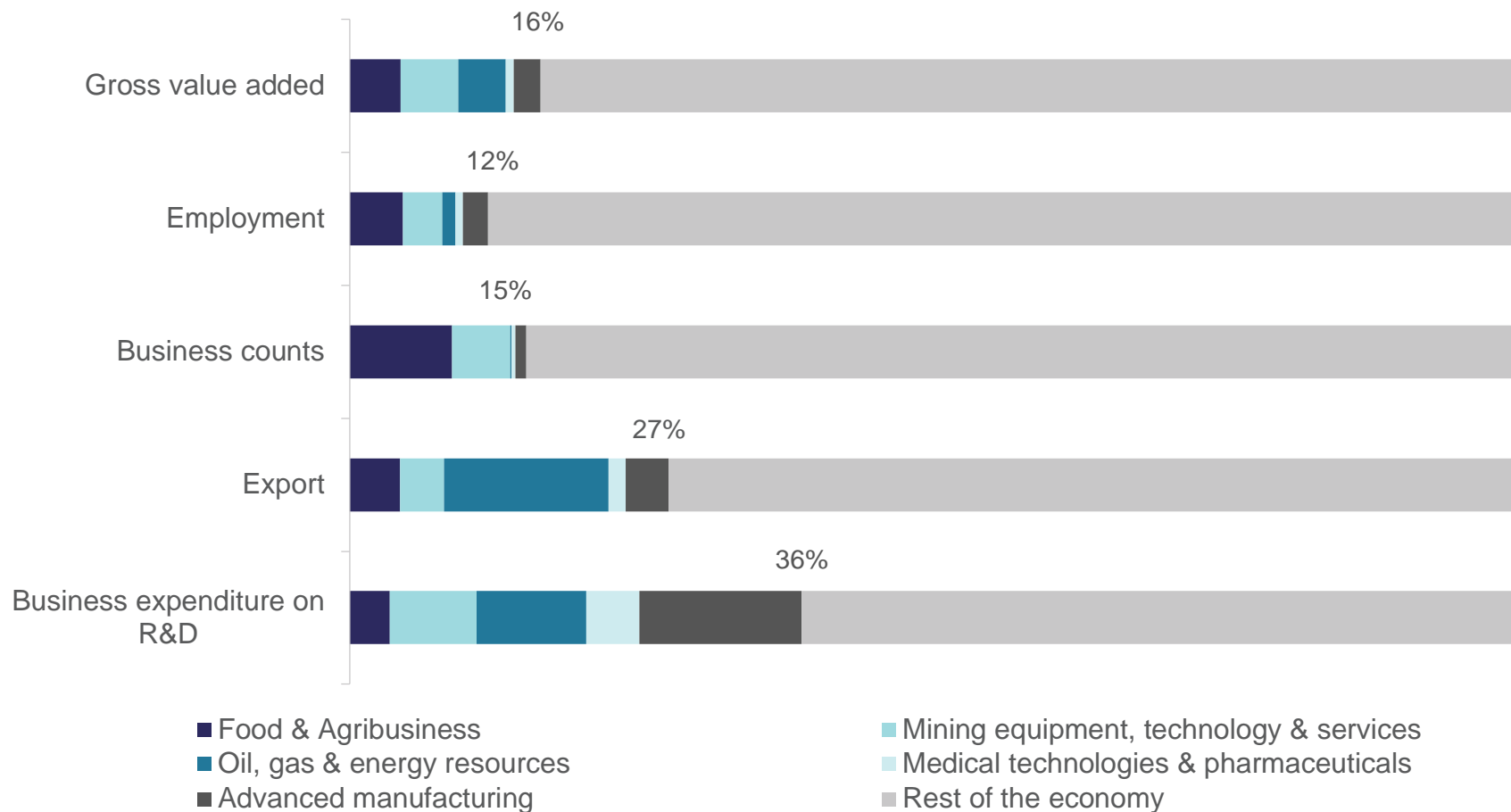
Medical technologies and pharmaceuticals



Advanced manufacturing

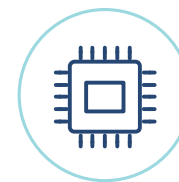
The five growth sectors

Play a large role in the economy



Source: ABS releases for 2011-12 to 2013-14

Five growth sectors



	Food & Agri.	Mining equip.	Oil, gas & energy	Medical tech.	Advanced mfg
GVA (\$b)	58.3	65.4	53.9	9.3	30.6
GVA growth	0.9%	6.3%	7.3%	2.0%	1.1%
Employment ('000)	526.6	385.6	128.3	71.1	250.2
Employment growth	-1.4%	4.8%	9.5%	0.4%	-0.4%
Labour productivity (GVA / hr worked)	57.5	87.3	203.2	72.2	66.5
Labour productivity Growth	2.9%	1.5%	-1.9%	2.0%	2.2%
Export (\$b)	13.2	11.4	43.0	4.4	11.2
Firm count	181,712	104,287	2,111	19,203	6,709



Mining equipment, technology and services

Have grown strongly

	2013–14	Average growth (5 yrs)	Deviation from national average (ppt)
Gross value added (\$b)	65.4	6.3%	3.6
Employment ('000)	385.6	4.8%	3.5
Labour productivity (\$/hr worked)	87.3	1.5%	-0.4
Export* (\$b)	11.4	N/A	N/A
Firm count#	104,287	N/A	N/A

*2012-13 data, # As at June 2013

This sector is the largest in output across the five sectors

The sector benefited from strong investment in Mining

Access to new international markets will be crucial to sustainable growth of the sector

Industry Growth Centres Overview



Strategic objectives

Each Growth Centre will set a long-term strategy for their sector and deliver activities, under a Sector Competitiveness Plan, addressing four themes:

- Identify regulations that are unnecessary or overburden-some for the key growth sectors and impede their ability to grow, and suggest possible reforms
- Improve engagement between research and industry, and within industry, to achieve stronger coordination and collaboration of research and stronger commercialisation outcomes in the key growth sectors
- Improve capability of the key growth sectors to engage with international markets and access global supply chains
- Improve management and workforce skills of key growth sectors

The Initiative will also facilitate connections between key growth sectors and enabling capabilities and services, such as information and communication technology.

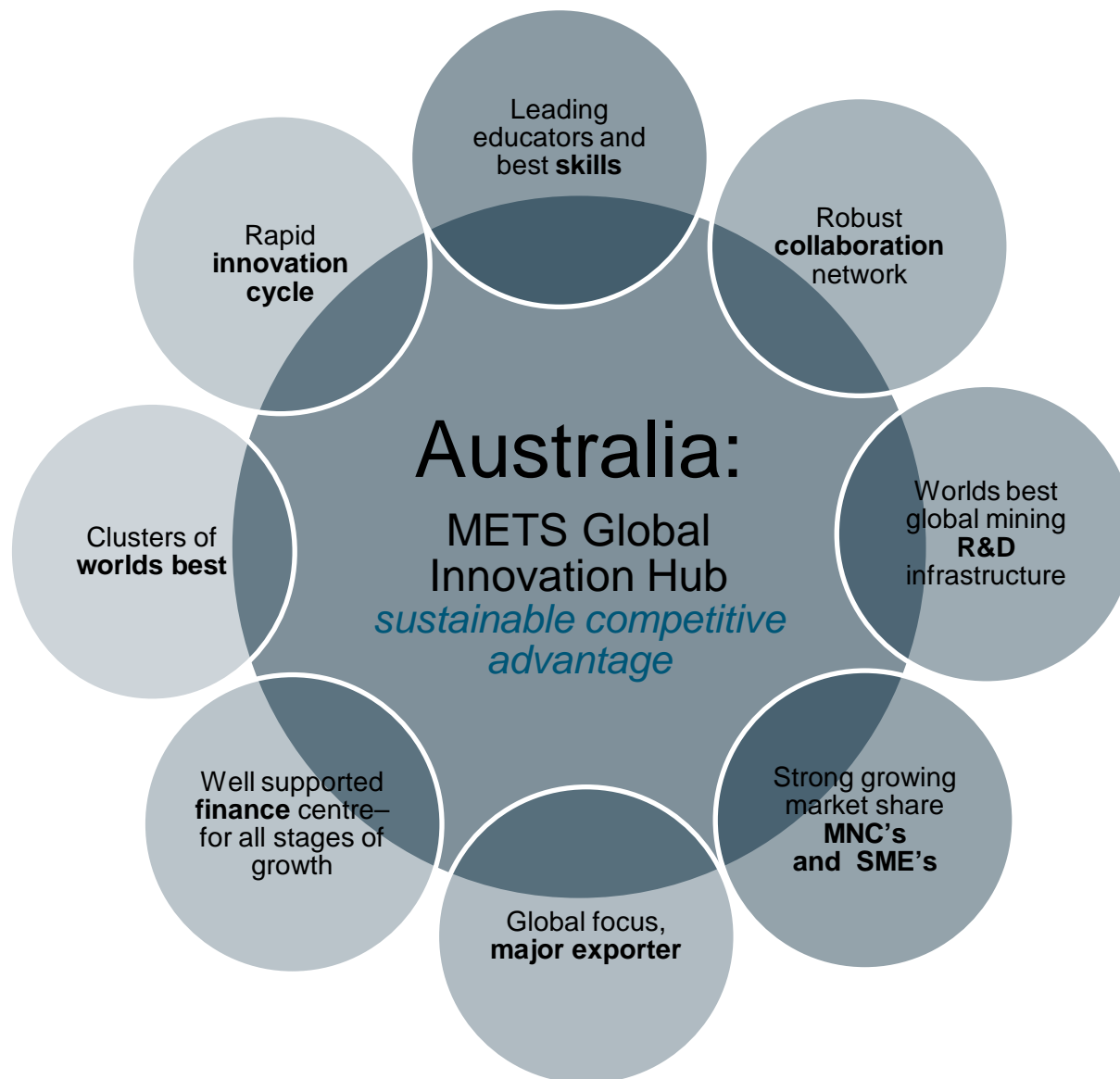
METS Industry Growth Centre

Set up and implementation

Australian METS

Innovation and opportunity

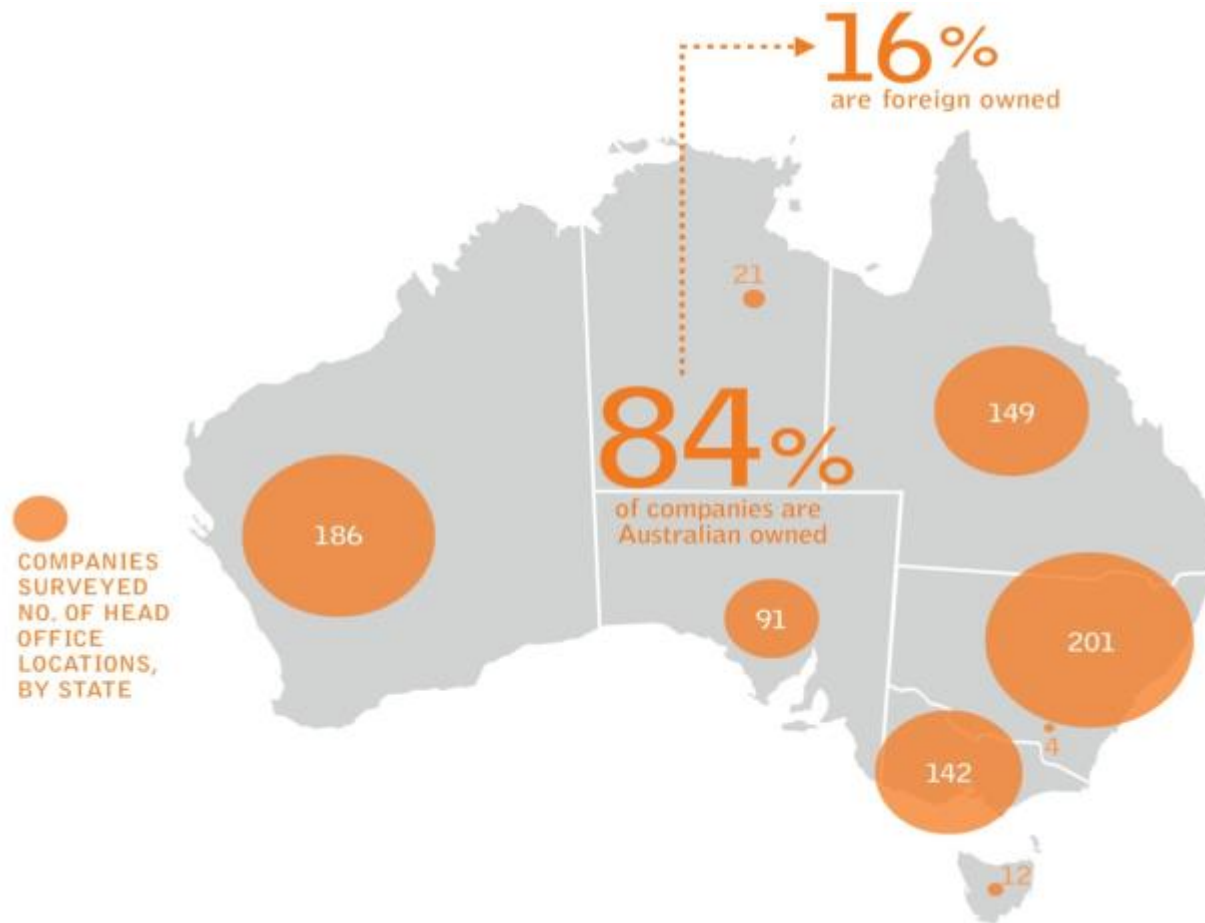
Vision





METS companies

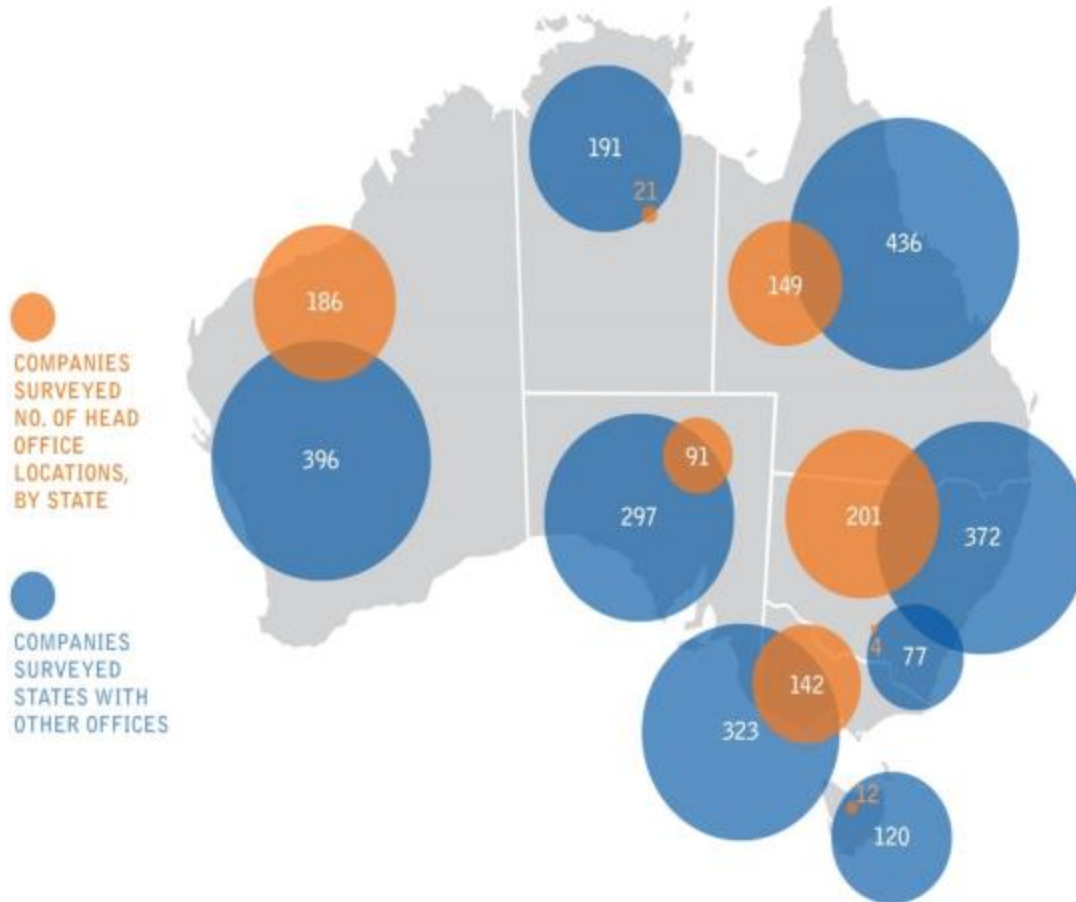
National reach : 84% Australian owned





METS companies

National footprint



METS sector gross revenue

Significant contributor to the economy (fy12)



State	Gross Revenue	%
WA	\$23.18 b	26
NSW/ACT	\$22.79 b	25
QLD	\$21.22 b	24
VIC/TAS	\$16.73 b	19
SA/NT	\$1.62 b	2
Unaccounted	\$4.39 b	4
Total	\$89.9 b	100

3% Aust GVA

METS development

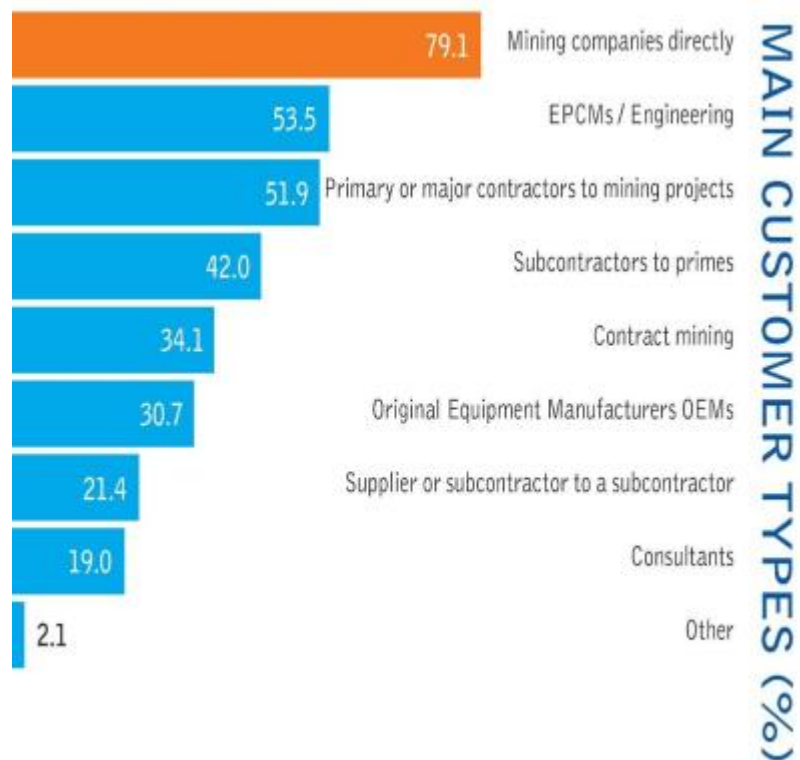
Investing in the future





METS competitive advantage

Customer focused and collaborative

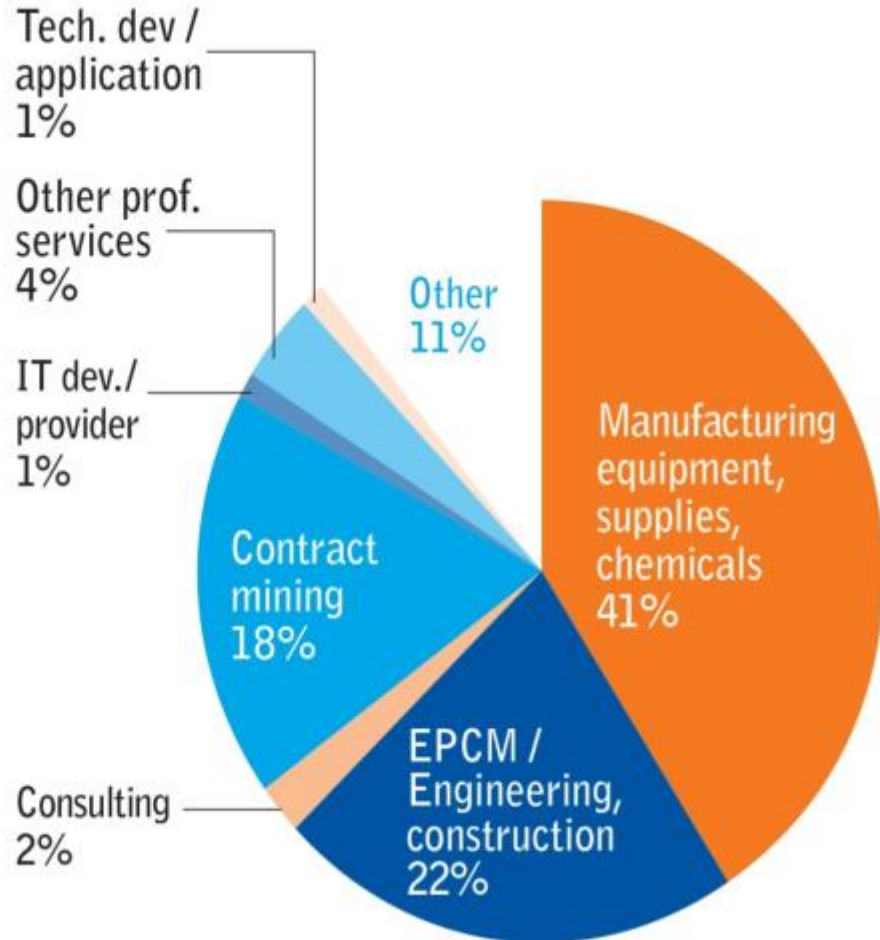


**% COLLABORATE
WITH MINING
COMPANIES**

METS companies by activity






Manufacturing and goods supply 41%

MAIN
BUSINESS
ACTIVITY
WITHIN
THE MINING
SUPPLY
INDUSTRY
BY REVENUE
GENERATED








BY VALUE

Some of Australia's largest METS

Company	2013 Total Income Global	2014 Total Income Global	2014 Mining division income	Total no. Employees Global 2014	Country
 Leighton Holdings	A\$24.4B	A\$24B	A\$4B Contract mining only	52,000	AUS
 Downer EDI	A\$9.1B	A\$7.7B	A\$2B	3,500 Downer mining	AUS
 ORICA	A\$6.8B	A\$6.8B	A\$5.7B	14,000	AUS
 Monadelphous	A\$2.6B	A\$2.3B	A\$1.67B Engineering construction div	5,521	AUS
 AUSDRILL	A\$1.1B	A\$826.3M	A\$723M	4,578	AUS

Scandinavian sectoral leaders

Company	2013 Total Income Global	2014 Total Income Global	2014 Mining division income	Total no. Employees Global 2014	Country	Country Population (2014 estimate)
	A\$14.3B	\$13.3B	A\$4B	44,545	Sweden	9.5 million
	A\$13.8B	A\$14B	A\$3.9B	40,241	Sweden	9.5 million
	A\$5.7B	A\$5.1B	A\$3.7B	15,644	Norway	5 million
	A\$5.4 bn	A\$3.9B	A\$1.8 bn	14,765	Denmark	5.6 million
	A\$2.8 bn	A\$1.9B	A\$921M	4,571	Finland	5.4 million

METS international footprint

Significant exporter

55%

CURRENTLY
EXPORT PRODUCTS,
SERVICES OR
TECHNOLOGY



\$15 bn

METS EXPORTS
ESTIMATE



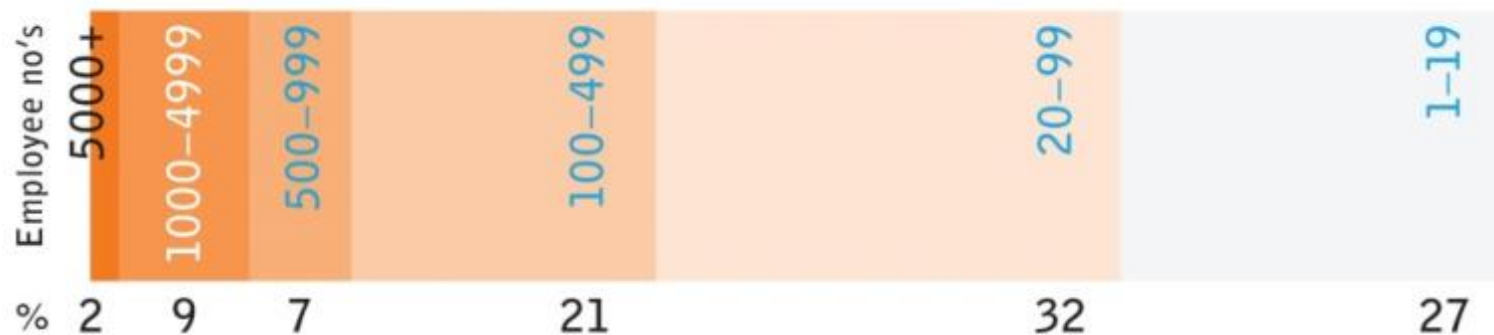


METS workforce

Significant employer

386,000 employees in Australia

PERCENTAGE (%) OF COMPANIES BY SIZE OF WORKFORCE

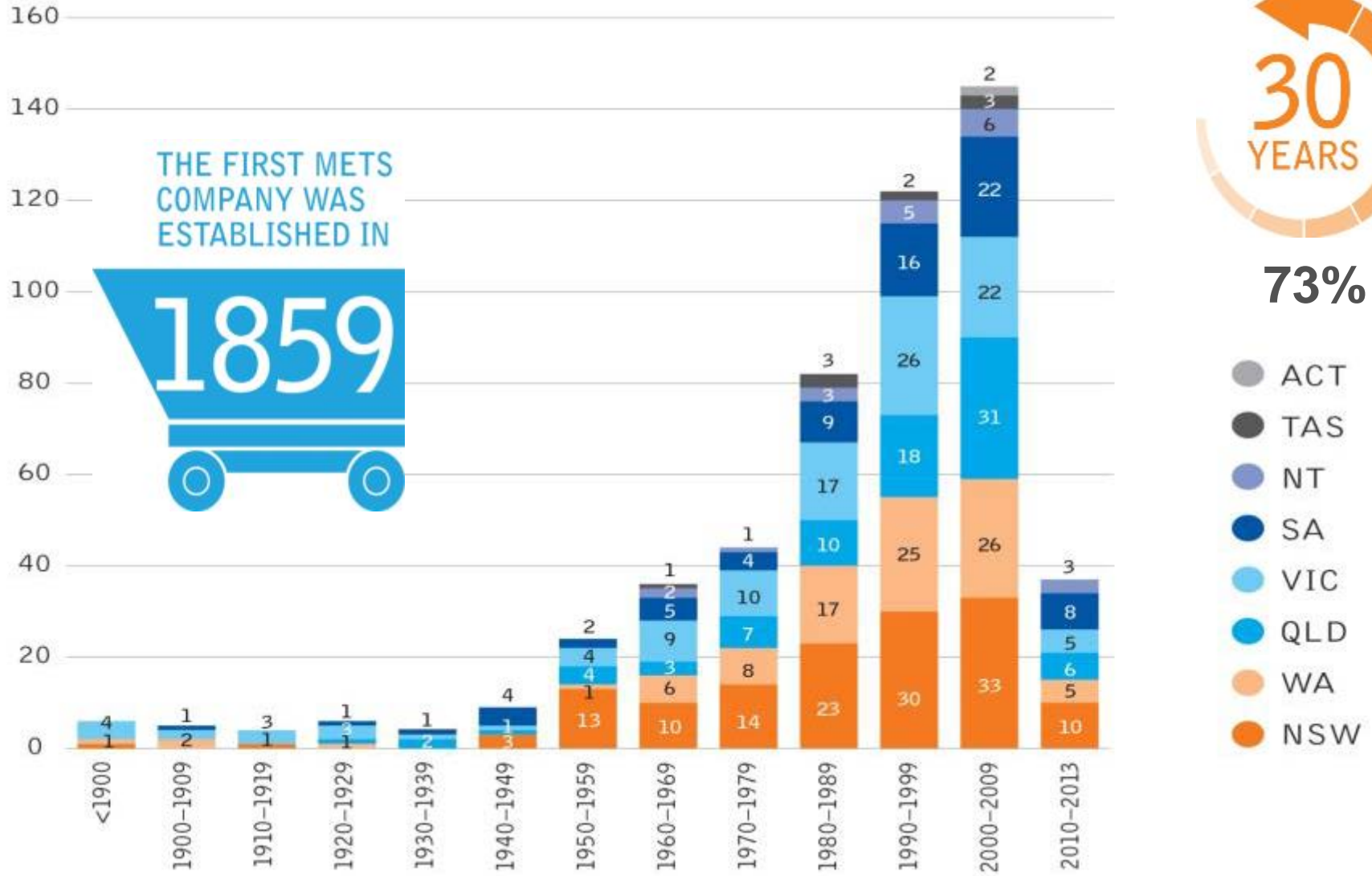


2% unknown

Represents employees of all METS related companies

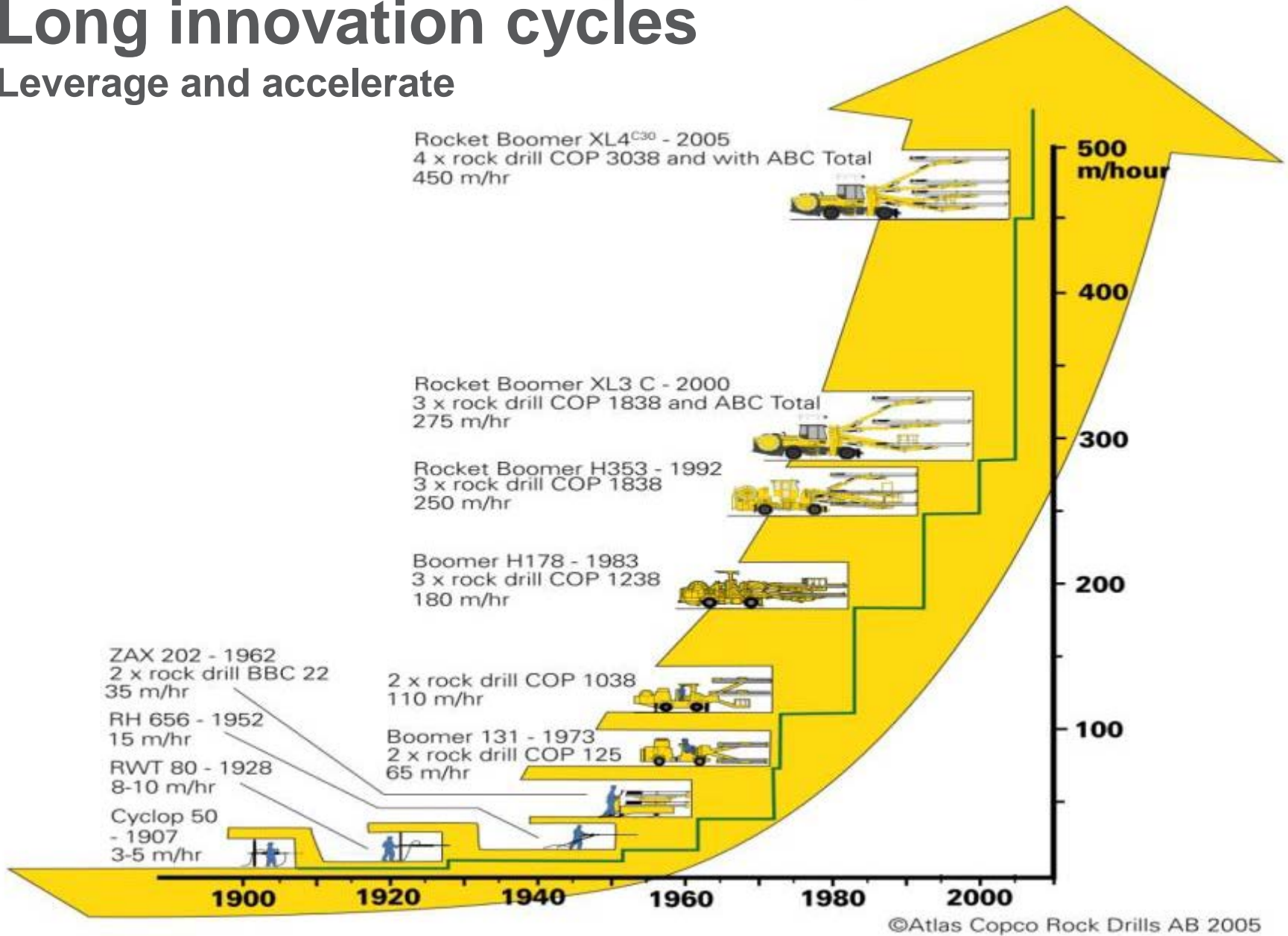
Years METS companies established

By state

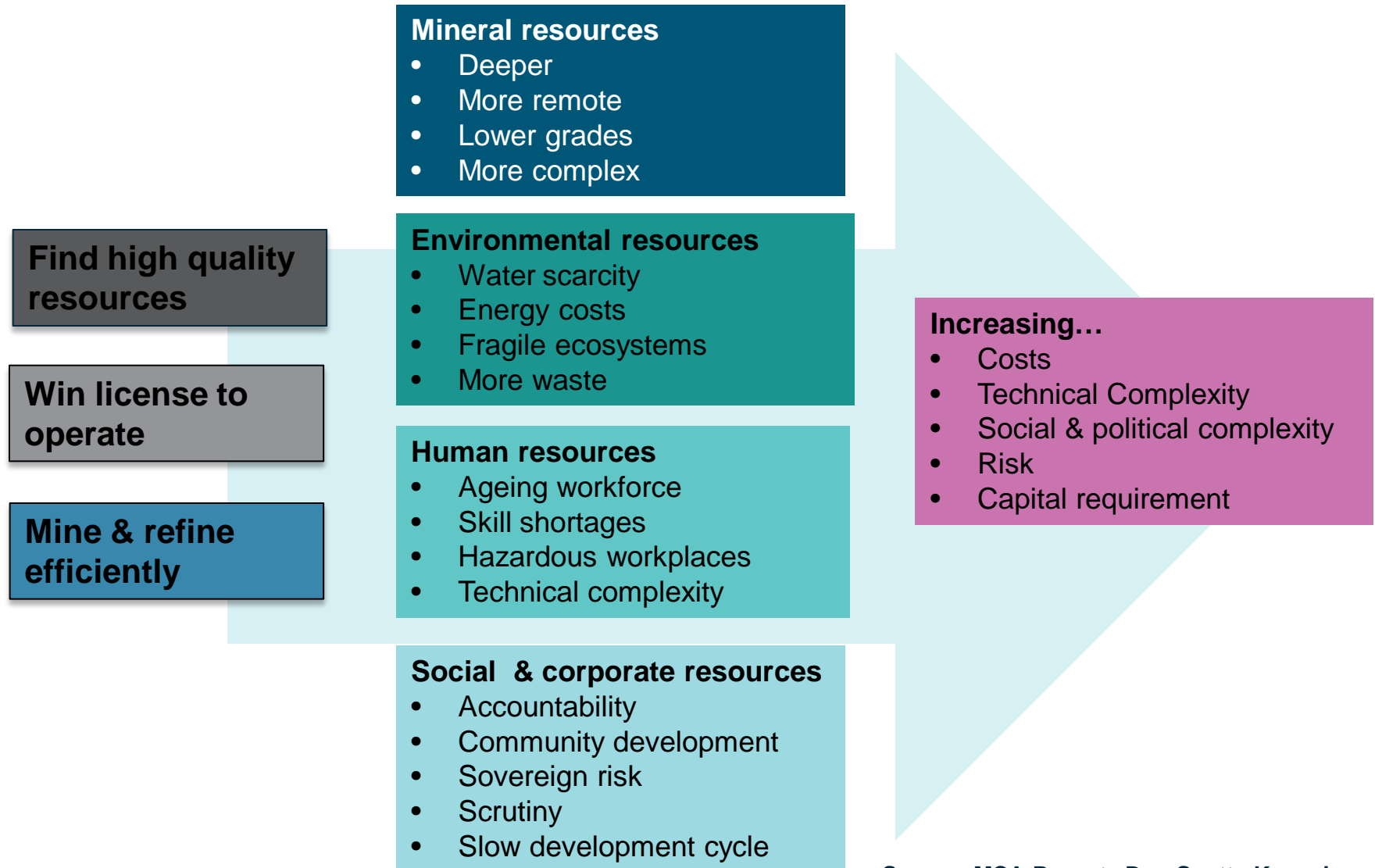


Long innovation cycles

Leverage and accelerate



Challenges for sustainable growth



Source: MCA Report , Don Scott- Kemmis
2013

The Australian METS Sector



Key opportunities for step change

- Capital Productivity
- Automation, remote mining
- Big data, knowledge, real time
- Site productivity
- Value added service models
- New “shared outcomes” business models



Four questions

1. How do we improve collaboration between research and industry to achieve commercialisation? (2 groups)
2. How do we improve management/leadership and workforce skills?
3. How do we improve capability to engage internationally, in global supply chains, export?
4. How do we identify unnecessary regulation?

Thank you